DIABETES IN UPDON

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in UPDON

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 19,040 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 230 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 180 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 7,830 adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among adults, **52,085 have pre-diabetes** (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in UPDON in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes ¹					
Age Group	Total*	Female	Male	White	
18-44	$\frac{1001}{2,770}$	1,420	1,350	2,460	
45-54	3,510	1,960	1,550	3,190	
55-64	4,000	1,770	2,230	3,840	
65-74	4,050	2,240	1,810	3,860	
75+	4,710	<u>2,750</u>	1,960	4,600	
Total	1 9,040	$1\overline{0,140}$	8,900	$1\overline{7,950}$	
95% CI**)	$(\pm 2,000)$	$(\pm 1,330)$	$(\pm 1,500)$	$(\pm 1,910)$	
Difference in totals is * 95% CI represents th	due to presence of 1,090 of "oth	er races" in the survey and the ef number of persons with diabetes	fects of rounding. in UPDON may fall with 95%	confidence.	

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the 6th leading cause of death in Michigan. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 137 individuals (3.9%) of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 261 deaths (7.4%).

Age		Whi	te	African A	merican
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>	Female	Male
0-44	$4 \overline{(NA)}$	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$3\overline{(NA)}$	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	0 (NA)
45-54	7 (1.99)	4 (NA)	1 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA
55-64	11 (2.75)	5 (NA)	6 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA
65-74	35 (8.64)	15 (7.01)	14 (8.14)	0 (NA)	0 (NA
75+	80 (16.99)	44 (16.36)	34 (17.80)	0 (NA)	0 (NA
Total	$1\overline{37} (7.20)$	$\frac{68}{68} (7.13)$	$\frac{58}{58} \frac{(6.90)}{(6.90)}$	$\frac{0}{0} \frac{(NA)}{(NA)}$	$\frac{1}{0}$ (NA)

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 6,726 hospital discharges of UPDON residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 386 (5.7%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 2,260 (33.6%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 6,047 discharges with 414 (7.0%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization				
	200	00	20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Diabetes	414	7.0%	386	5.7%
Hypertension	50	2.3%	52	0.8%
Other CVD	2,060	34.0%	2,208	32.8%
Kidney	52	0.9%	65	1.0%
Pneumonia	237	3.2%	262	3.9%
Other	3,234	52.7%	3,753	55.8%
TOTAL	$\overline{6,047}$		$\overline{6,726}$	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 50 or 13.0% of the 386 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 71 amputations or 17.2% of the 414 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

IABETES IN ALGER COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Alger County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 630 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that less than 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 260 Alger County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. ⁴ Among Alger County adults, 1,724 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Alger County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	90 (2.4)	40 (2.7)	50 (2.1)	70 (2.4)
45-54	120 (7.4)	60 (8.6)	50 (6.2)	100 (7.0)
55-64	130 (12.3)	50 (10.9)	80 (13.6)	130 (12.2)
65-74	140 (16.1)	80 (17.2)	60 (14.9)	130 (15.6)
75+	<u>150 (17.6)</u>	<u>80 (16.6)</u>	<u>70 (19.0)</u>	<u>150 (17.3)</u>
Total	630 (7.2)	310 (7.7)	310 (6.8)	580 (7.2)
(95% CI**)	(± 60)	(± 40)	(± 50)	(± 60)

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the sixth leading cause of death for Alger County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 3 individuals (3.4% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 5 deaths (5.6%).

Deaths in Alger County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age			White
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	Male
0-44	0 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
75+	3 (NA)	2 (NA)	1 (NA)
Total	$\overline{3}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{2}$ (NA)	$\overline{1}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to cal	culate with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 262 hospital discharges of Alger County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 7 (2.7%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 67 (25.6%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 214 discharges with 11 (5.1%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization				
	200	00	20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	<u>Count</u>	Percent
Diabetes	11	5.1%	7	2.7%
Hypertension	1	0.5%	2	0.8%
Other CVD	73	34.1%	65	24.8%
Kidney	2	0.9%	0	0.0%
Pneumonia	5	2.3%	8	3.1%

57.0%

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 2 or 28.6% of the 7 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 0 amputations or 0.0% of the 11 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) - a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

BRFSS data 2001 - 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

68.7%

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

Other

TOTAL

Michigan Department of Community Health, Division of Chronic Disease and Injury Control/Diabetes, Kidney and Other Chronic Diseases Section by calling (517) 335-8445 or on the WEB at: http://www.michigan.gov/diabetes

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^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 30 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Alger County may fall with 95% confidence.

ABETES IN BARAGA COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Baraga County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 530 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that less than 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 220 Baraga County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. ⁴ Among Baraga County adults, 1,397 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Baraga County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	80 (2.4)	30 (2.7)	40 (2.1)	50 (2.4)
45-54	100 (7.4)	50 (8.6)	40 (6.2)	80 (7.0)
55-64	120 (12.3)	50 (10.9)	70 (13.6)	100 (12.2)
65-74	100 (16.1)	60 (17.2)	40 (14.9)	90 (15.6)
75+	<u>130 (17.6)</u>	<u>80 (16.6)</u>	<u>50 (19.0)</u>	<u>120 (17.3)</u>
Total	$\overline{530} \ \overline{(7.2)}$	270 (7.7)	$2\overline{40} \ \overline{(6.8)}$	440 (7.2)
(95% CI**)	(± 50)	(±30)	(± 40)	(± 50)

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the sixth leading cause of death for Baraga County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 4 individuals (3.7% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 13 deaths (12%).

Deaths in Baraga County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		V	Vhite
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	0 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
75+	4 (NA)	3 (NA)	1 (NA)
Total	$\overline{4}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{3}$ (NA)	$\overline{1}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calcu	late with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 217 hospital discharges of Baraga County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 11 (5.1%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 62 (28.6%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 256 discharges with 19(7.4%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization 2002 2000 Condition Percent **Count Percent** Count Diabetes 7.4% 11

Hypertension	2	0.8%	1	0.5%
Other CVD	85	33.2%	61	28.1%
Kidney	4	1.6%	3	1.4%
Pneumonia	6	2.3%	4	1.8%
Other	140	54.7%	<u>137</u>	63.1%
TOTAL	256		217	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 2 or 18.2% of the 11 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 4 amputations or 21.1% of the 19 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 BRESS data 2001 3003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 60 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Baraga County may fall with 95% confidence.

DIABETES IN CHIPPEWA COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Chippewa County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 2,070 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 50 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 20 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 880 Chippewa County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Chippewa County adults, 5,983 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Chippewa County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per $100)^1$

Age				
Group	<u>Total</u> *	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>White</u>
18-44	$4\overline{00}$ (2.4)	$1\overline{70} (2.7)$	220(2.1)	290 (2.4)
45-54	400 (7.4)	200 (8.6)	190 (6.2)	320 (7.0)
55-64	440 (12.3)	190 (10.9)	250 (13.6)	390 (12.2)
65-74	430 (16.1)	230 (17.2)	200 (14.9)	380 (15.6)
75+	400 (17.6)	230 (16.6)	170 (19.0)	370 (17.3)
Total	$2,\overline{070}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$	$1,\overline{020}$ $\overline{(7.7)}$	$1,\overline{030}$ (6.8)	1,750 (7.2)
95% CI**)	(±250)	(±150)	(±200)	(± 200)

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the fifth leading cause of death for Chippewa County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 17 individuals (5.3% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 24 deaths (7.5%).

Deaths in Chippewa County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		Wł	nite
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	1 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	2 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	2 (NA)	1 (NA)	1 (NA)
65-74	6 (NA)	1 (NA)	1 (NA)
75+	6 (NA)	0 (NA)	5 (NA)
Total	$1\overline{7} \ (\overline{8.21})$	$\overline{2}$ (NA)	$\overline{7}$ $\overline{(8.24)}$
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calculat	e with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 857 hospital discharges of Chippewa County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 51 (6.0%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 362 (42.2%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 636 discharges with 43 (6.8%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization 2000 2002 **Condition** Count Percent Count **Percent** Diabetes 43 6.8% 51 6.0% 0.6% Hypertension 4 15 1.8% 40.5% Other CVD 218 34.3% 347 Kidney 1.1% 9 1.1% 3.8% Pneumonia 24 22 2.6%

53.5%

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 6 or 11.8% of the 51 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 7 amputations or 16.3% of the 43 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) - a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

BRFSS data 2001 - 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

IS Health and Human Services news release March 27, 2004

48.2%

<u>3</u>40

636

US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

Other

TOTAL

Michigan Department of Community Health, Division of Chronic Disease and Injury Control/Diabetes, Kidney and Other Chronic Diseases Section by calling (517) 335-8445 or on the WEB at: http://www.michigan.gov/diabetes

413

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 310 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Chippewa County may fall with 95% confidence.

ABETES IN DELTA COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Delta County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 2,370 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 20 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 20 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. 3 National studies suggest that an additional 980 Delta County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Delta County adults, 6,639 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Delta County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	310 (2.4)	180 (2.7)	140 (2.1)	300 (2.4)
45-54	450 (7.4)	260 (8.6)	190 (6.2)	420 (7.0)
55-64	500 (12.3)	230 (10.9)	270 (13.6)	490 (12.2)
65-74	530 (16.1)	290 (17.2)	240 (14.9)	510 (15.6)
75+	580 (17.6)	340 (16.6)	240 (19.0)	570 (17.3)
Total	$2,\overline{370}$ (7.2)	$1,\overline{300} \ \overline{(7.7)}$	$1,\overline{080} \ \overline{(6.8)}$	$2,\overline{290}$ (7.2)
(95% CI**)	(± 240)	$(\pm 170)^{2}$	(± 170)	$(\pm 240)^{2}$

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the fifth leading cause of death for Delta County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 14 individuals (3.4% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 34 deaths (8.3%).

Deaths in Delta County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age	White		White
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	0 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	1 (NA)	1 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	4 (NA)	2 (NA)	2 (NA)
75+	9 (15.52)	5 (NA)	4 (NA)
Total	$1\overline{4} \ (\overline{5.91})$	$8(\overline{6.45})$	$\overline{6}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calc	ulate with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 937 hospital discharges of Delta County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 40 (4.3%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 341 (36.4%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 800 discharges with 50(6.3%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization 2000 2002 **Condition** Count Percent **Percent** Count Diabetes 6.3% 40 4.3% 0.9% Hypertension 10 1.1% Other CVD 34.6% 331 35.3% 0.4% Kidney 0.4% 4 59 Pneumonia 4.4% 6.3% Other 428 53.5% 493 52.6%

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 6 or 15.0% of the 40 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 1 amputation or 2.0% of the 50 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

 IS Health and Human Services news release March 27, 2004

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

TOTAL

Michigan Department of Community Health, Division of Chronic Disease and Injury Control/Diabetes, Kidney and Other Chronic Diseases Section by calling (517) 335-8445 or on the WEB at: http://www.michigan.gov/diabetes

937

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 100 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Delta County may fall with 95% confidence.

IABETES IN DICKINSON COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Dickinson County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 1,700 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 20 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 20 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 680 Dickinson County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Dickinson County adults, 4,526 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Dickinson County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	$2\overline{20} (2.4)$	$1\overline{20} \ (\ 2.7)$	100 (2.1)	$2\overline{20}$ ($\overline{2}$.4)
45-54	320 (7.4)	180 (8.6)	140 (6.2)	300 (7.0)
55-64	330 (12.3)	150 (10.9)	180 (13.6)	320 (12.2)
65-74	340 (16.1)	200 (17.2)	140 (14.9)	330 (15.6)
75+	490 (17.6)	300 (16.6)	190 (19.0)	480 (17.3)
Total	$1,\overline{700}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$	$\overline{950} \ \overline{(7.7)}$	750 (6.8)	$1,\overline{650}$ (7.2)
(95% CI**)	(±170)	(±120)	(±120)	$(\pm 170)^{2}$

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the sixth leading cause of death for Dickinson County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 13 individuals (3.9% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 30 deaths (8.9%).

Deaths in Dickinson County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		White	
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	1 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$1 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	1 (NA)	1 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	3 (NA)	1 (NA)	2 (NA)
75+	8 (16.33)	4 (NA)	4 (NA)
Total	$1\overline{3} (\overline{7.65})$	$\overline{6}$ (NA)	$\overline{7} \ \overline{(9.46)}$
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calcu	late with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 485 hospital discharges of Dickinson County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 31 (6.4%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 174 (35.9%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 539 discharges with 51 (9.5%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization 2000 2002 **Condition** Count Percent Count **Percent** Diabetes 51 9.5% 31 6.4% Hypertension 1.5% 0.8% 8 Other CVD 28.9% 156 170 35.1% 0.4%0.8% Kidney 4 3.9% Pneumonia 21 25 5.2% <u>3</u>01 251 Other 55.8% 51.8%

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 2 or 6.5% of the 31 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 6 amputations or 11.8% of the 51 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

 IS Health and Human Services news release March 27, 2004

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US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

TOTAL

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 60 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Dickinson County may fall with 95% confidence.

ABETES IN GOGEBIC COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Gogebic County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 1,200 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 480 Gogebic County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Gogebic County adults, 2,839 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Gogebic County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Age				
	Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
45.54 $180.(7.4)$ $100.(8.6)$ $80.(6.2)$ $170.(7.0)$	18-44	150 (2.4)	70 (2.7)	80 (2.1)	$1\overline{30}$ (2.4)
43-34 100 (7.4) 100 (8.0) 00 (0.2) 170 (7.0)	45-54	180 (7.4)	100 (8.6)	80 (6.2)	170 (7.0)
55-64 220 (12.3) 100 (10.9) 120 (13.6) 220 (12.2)	55-64	220 (12.3)	100 (10.9)	120 (13.6)	220 (12.2)
65-74 260 (16.1) 150 (17.2) 110 (14.9) 250 (15.6)	65-74	260 (16.1)	150 (17.2)		250 (15.6)
75+ 390 (17.6) 230 (16.6) 160 (19.0) 380 (17.3)	75+		<u>230 (16.6)</u>	<u>160 (19.0)</u>	<u>380 (17.3)</u>
Total $1,\overline{200}$ (7.2) $\overline{650}$ (7.7) $\overline{550}$ (6.8) $1,\overline{150}$ (7.2)	Total	$1,\overline{200} \ \overline{(7.2)}$	$\overline{650}$ $\overline{(7.7)}$	$\overline{550} \ (6.8)$	$1,\overline{150}$ (7.2)
$(95\% \text{ CI**})$ (± 110) (± 70) (± 90) (± 110)	(95% CI**)	(± 110)	(± 70)	(± 90)	$(\pm 110)^{\circ}$

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the ninth leading cause of death for Gogebic County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 3 individuals (1.1% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 13 deaths (4.7%).

Deaths in Gogebic County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		White	
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	Male
0-44	0 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
75+	3 (NA)	1 (NA)	2 (NA)
Total	$\overline{3}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{1}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{2}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calc	ulate with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 293 hospital discharges of Gogebic County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 31 (10.6%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 101 (34.5%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 263 discharges with 18 (6.8%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization 2002 2000 **Condition** Count Percent **Percent** Count (Diabetes 18 6.8% 31 10.6% Hypertension 0.4% 0.3% 34.1% Other CVD 30.0% 100 0.4% Kidney 0.3% 4.2% Pneumonia 18 6.1% Other 58.2% 142 48.5%

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 4 or 12.9% of the 31 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 5 amputations or 27.8% of the 18 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

TOTAL

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 60 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Gogebic County may fall with 95% confidence.

IABETES IN HOUGHTON COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Houghton County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 1,990 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 20 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 20 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 780 Houghton County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Houghton County adults, 5,021 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Houghton County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	3 50 (2.4)	160 (2.7)	180 (2.1)	330 (2.4)
45-54	340 (7.4)	190 (8.6)	150 (6.2)	310 (7.0)
55-64	410 (12.3)	180 (10.9)	230 (13.6)	400 (12.2)
65-74	380 (16.1)	200 (17.2)	180 (14.9)	360 (15.6)
75+	510 (17.6)	300 (16.6)	220 (19.0)	500 (17.3)
Total	$1,\overline{990} \ \overline{(7.2)}$	$1,\overline{030}$ $\overline{(7.7)}$	$\overline{960} \ \overline{(6.8)}$	$1,\overline{900} \ \overline{(7.2)}$
(95% CI**)	(±220)	$(\pm 140)^{\circ}$	(± 170)	$(\pm 220)^{2}$

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the sixth leading cause of death for Houghton County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 14 individuals (3.6% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 33 deaths (8.5%).

Deaths in Houghton County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		White	
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	1 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$1 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	2 (NA)	1 (NA)	1 (NA)
65-74	3 (NA)	1 (NA)	2 (NA)
75+	<u>8 (15.69)</u>	6 (NA)	2 (NA)
Total	$1\overline{4} \ (\overline{7.04})$	8 (8.16)	$\overline{6}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calcula	te with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 696 hospital discharges of Houghton County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 46 (6.6%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 228 (32.8%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 748 discharges with 37 (5.0%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization

	2000		20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Diabetes	37	5.0%	46	6.6%
Hypertension	7	0.9%	1	0.1%
Other CVD	299	40.0%	227	32.6%
Kidney	12	1.6%	15	2.2%
Pneumonia	34	4.6%	28	4.0%
Other	359	48.0%	379	54.5%
TOTAL	748		696	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 2 or 4.3% of the 46 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 13 amputations or 35.1% of the 37 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 BRESS data 2001 3003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 100 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Houghton County may fall with 95% confidence.

IABETES IN IRON COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Iron County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 950 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 380 Iron County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Iron County adults, 2,281 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Iron County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	<u>Total</u> *	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	<u>White</u>
18-44	90 (2.4)	50 (2.7)	40 (2.1)	90 (2.4)
45-54	140 (7.4)	80 (8.6)	60 (6.2)	130 (7.0)
55-64	180 (12.3)	80 (10.9)	100 (13.6)	180 (12.2)
65-74	220 (16.1)	120 (17.2)	90 (14.9)	210 (15.6)
75+	320 (17.6)	190 (16.6)	130 (19.0)	320 (17.3)
Total	950 (7.2)	$\overline{520} \ \overline{(7.7)}$	$\overline{420} \ \overline{(6.8)}$	930 (7.2)
(95% CI**)	(±80)	(±60)	(±60)	(±80)

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the sixth leading cause of death for Iron County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 9 individuals (3.8% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 8 deaths (3.4%).

Deaths in Iron County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		White		
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	Male	
0-44	0 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$	
45-54	1 (NA)	1 (NA)	0 (NA)	
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	
65-74	1 (NA)	0 (NA)	1 (NA)	
75+	7 (21.88)	5 (NA)	2 (NA)	
Total	$\overline{9} (\overline{9.47})$	$\overline{6}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{3}$ (NA)	
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calc	culate with 6 or less deaths	

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 394 hospital discharges of Iron County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 17 (4.3%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 133 (33.8%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 367 discharges with 32 (8.7%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization

	200	00	20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	<u>Count</u>	Percent
Diabetes	32	8.7%	17	4.3%
Hypertension	2	0.5%	3	0.8%
Other CVD	124	33.8%	130	33.0%
Kidney	3	0.8%	7	1.8%
Pneumonia	14	3.8%	9	2.3%
Other	192	52.3%	228	57.9%
TOTAL	367		394	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 3 or 17.6% of the 17 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 4 amputations or 12.5% of the 32 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 BRESS data 2001 3003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 10 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Iron County may fall with 95% confidence.

DIABETES IN KEWEENAW COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Keweenaw County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 160 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 0 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that less than 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 70 Keweenaw County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Keweenaw County adults, 435 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Keweenaw County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total	Female	Male	White
18-44	$1\overline{0} \ (\ 2.4)$	<u>10 (2.7)</u>	10 (2.1)	$\overline{10}$ (2.4)
45-54	30 (7.4)	20 (8.6)	10 (6.2)	30 (7.0)
55-64	40 (12.3)	20 (10.9)	20 (13.6)	40 (12.2)
65-74	40 (16.1)	20 (17.2)	20 (14.9)	40 (15.6)
75+	40 (17.6)	20 (16.6)	20 (19.0)	40 (17.3)
Total	$1\overline{60} \ \overline{(7.2)}$	$\overline{90}$ $\overline{(7.7)}$	$\overline{80}$ $\overline{(6.8)}$	$1\overline{60} \ \overline{(7.2)}$
(95% CI*)	(± 10)	(±10)	(± 10)	(± 10)

*95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Keweenaw County may fall with 95% confidence.

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, there were no diabetes related deaths for Keweenaw County residents.

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB) In 2002, there were 38 hospital discharges of Keweenaw County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were (0.0%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 20 (52.6%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 54 discharges with 5 (9.3%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization 2000 2002 <u>Condition</u> Count **Percent** Count Percent 9.3% Diabetes 0 0.0% Hypertension 3.7% 0 0.0% 38.9% 20 52.6%Other CVD 21 0 0.0% 0 0.0% Kidney Pneumonia 5.6% 0 0.0% 42.6% 18 47.4% Other **TOTAL**

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 0 or 0.0% of the 0 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 1 amputation or 20.0% of the 5 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- 1) Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) - a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.
- 2) BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).
- 3) Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.
- 4) National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).
 5) US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004.
 6) Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

- 7) Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MÍDB) for 2002.

Further information can be obtained from:

Michigan Department of Community Health, Division of Chronic Disease and Injury Control/Diabetes, Kidney and Other Chronic Diseases Section by calling (517) 335-8445 or on the WEB at: http://www.michigan.gov/diabetes

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90 (17.6)

 $4\overline{20}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$

ABETES IN LUCE COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Luce County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 420 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that less than 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. 3 National studies suggest that an additional 170 Luce County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Luce County adults, 1,148 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Luce County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹ Age Group Total* **Female** 18-44 70 (2.4) (2.7)(2.1)50 (2.4) 80 (7.4) 45-54 40 (8.6) 30 (6.2) 60 (7.0) 55-64 90 (12.3) 40 (10.9) 50 (13.6) 80 (12.2) 90 (16.1) 40 (14.9) 90 (15.6) 65-74 50 (17.2)

<u>50 (16.6)</u>

 $2\overline{10} \ \overline{(7.7)}$

(95% CI**) (± 40) (± 30) (± 40) Difference in totals is due to presence of 50 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Luce County may fall with 95% confidence.

75 +

Total

In 2002, diabetes was the third leading cause of death for Luce County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 9 individuals (9% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 7 deaths (7%).

40 (19.0)

 $2\overline{00}$ $\overline{(6.8)}$

Deaths in Luce County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age	Age		White
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	$\overline{0}$ (NA)	0 (NA)	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	3 (NA)	2 (NA)	1 (NA)
75+	6 (NA)	4 (NA)	2 (NA)
Total	$\frac{1}{9}(21.43)$	$\overline{6}$ (NA)	$\overline{3}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calc	ulate with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 154 hospital discharges of Luce County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 11 (7.1%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 57 (37.0%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 145 discharges with 9 (6.2%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization				
	200	00	20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Diabetes	9	6.2%	11	7.1%
Hypertension	1	0.7%	4	2.6%
Other CVD	49	33.8%	53	34.4%
Kidney	0	0.0%	2	1.3%
Pneumonia	2	1.4%	4	2.6%
Other	84	57.9%	80	51.9%
TOTAL	$1\overline{45}$		1 80	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

80 (17.3)

 (± 40)

 $3\overline{60} \ \overline{(7.2)}$

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 1 or 9.1% of the 11 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 1 amputation or 11.1% of the 9 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

Diabetes Deaths

ABETES IN MACKINAC COUNTY

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Mackinac County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 780 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 330 Mackinac County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Mackinac County adults, 2,171 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Mackinac County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	90 (2.4)	50 (2.7)	40 (2.1)	70 (2.4)
45-54	140 (7.4)	80 (8.6)	60 (6.2)	110 (7.0)
55-64	180 (12.3)	80 (10.9)	100 (13.6)	160 (12.2)
65-74	200 (16.1)	110 (17.2)	90 (14.9)	180 (15.6)
75+	170 (17.6)	90 (16.6)	<u>80 (19.0)</u>	160 (17.3)
Total	$\overline{780}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$	$4\overline{10} \ \overline{(7.7)}$	370 (6.8)	$\overline{680} \ \overline{(7.2)}$
(95% CI**)	(± 70)	(±50) [*]	(±50)	(±60) ´

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the eighth leading cause of death for Mackinac County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 2 individuals (1.6% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 10 deaths (7.8%).

Deaths in Mackinac County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		V	Vhite
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	0 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	1 (NA)	1 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	1 (NA)	0 (NA)	1 (NA)
65-74	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
75+	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
Total	$\overline{2}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{1}$ (NA)	$\overline{1}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calcu	late with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 227

hospital discharges of Mackinac County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 15 (6.6%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 73 (32.2%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 217 discharges with 12 (5.5%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization

	2000		20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Diabetes	12	5.5%	15	6.6%
Hypertension	3	1.4%	3	1.3%
Other CVD	81	37.3%	70	30.8%
Kidney	3	1.4%	0	0.0%
Pneumonia	4	1.8%	13	5.7%
Other	114	52.5%	126	55.5%
TOTAL	217		$\overline{227}$	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 1 or 6.7% of the 15 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 4 amputations or 33.3% of the 12 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 BRESS data 2001 3003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 90 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Mackinac County may fall with 95% confidence.

ABETES IN MARQUETTE COUNT

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Marquette County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 3,640 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 40 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 40 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 1,480 Marquette County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Marquette County adults, 10,507 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Marquette County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	610 (2.4)	330 (2.7)	270 (2.1)	570 (2.4)
45-54	780 (7.4)	430 (8.6)	340 (6.2)	710 (7.0)
55-64	770 (12.3)	330 (10.9)	440 (13.6)	760 (12.2)
65-74	720 (16.1)	400 (17.2)	320 (14.9)	690 (15.6)
75+	760 (17.6)	450 (16.6)	310 (19.0)	750 (17.3)
Total	$3,\overline{640}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$	$1,\overline{940}$ $\overline{(7.7)}$	$1,\overline{680} \ \overline{(6.8)}$	$3,\overline{480}$ (7.2)
95% CI**)	(± 410)	(± 280)	(± 300)	(± 400)
/	` /	` /	` /	, ,

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the fifth leading cause of death for Marquette County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 22 individuals (3.5% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 47 deaths (7.5%).

Deaths in Marquette County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		Wh	ite
Group	<u>Total*</u>	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	$\overline{0}$ (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	2 (NA)	2 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	5 (NA)	4 (NA)	1 (NA)
75+	15 (19.74)	9 (20.45)	6 (NA)
Total	$\overline{22} (\overline{6.04})'$	$1\overline{5} (8.15)$	$\overline{7}$ $\overline{(4.29)}$
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "othe	er races". NA - Not Able to calculate	with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB) In 2002, there were 1,109 hospital discharges of Marquette County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 62 (5.6%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 318 (28.7%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 1,007 discharges with 61 (6.1%) attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization				
	200	00	20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Diabetes	61	6.1%	62	5.6%
Hypertension	8	0.8%	5	0.5%
Other CVD	325	32.3%	313	28.2%
Kidney	8	0.8%	6	0.5%
Pneumonia	41	4.1%	38	3.4%
Other	564	56.0%	685	61.8%

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 14 or 22.6% of the 62 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 11 amputations or 18.0% of the 61 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

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1,007

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

TOTAL

Michigan Department of Community Health, Division of Chronic Disease and Injury Control/Diabetes, Kidney and Other Chronic Diseases Section by calling (517) 335-8445 or on the WEB at: http://www.michigan.gov/diabetes

 $1.\overline{109}$

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 160 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Marquette County may fall with 95% confidence.

ABETES IN MENOMINEE COUNT

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Menominee County
Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 1,570 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 20 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. 3 National studies suggest that an additional 640 Menominee County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Menominee County adults, 4,344 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Menominee County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	210 (2.4)	$1\overline{10} (2.7)$	90 (2.1)	200 (2.4)
45-54	300 (7.4)	170 (8.6)	130 (6.2)	270 (7.0)
55-64	330 (12.3)	150 (10.9)	180 (13.6)	320 (12.2)
65-74	340 (16.1)	190 (17.2)	150 (14.9)	330 (15.6)
75+	390 (17.6)	220 (16.6)	160 (19.0)	380 (17.3)
Total	$1,\overline{570}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$	$\overline{840} \ \overline{(7.7)}$	$710 \ \overline{(6.8)}$	$1,\overline{500}$ (7.2)
(95% CI**)	(± 160)	(±110) ´	(±110)	$(\pm 160)^{\circ}$

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the fifth leading cause of death for Menominee County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 16 individuals (5.8% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 16 deaths (5.8%).

Deaths in Menominee County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		White		
Group	<u>Total</u> *	<u>Female</u>	<u>Male</u>	
0-44	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	$0 \overline{(NA)}$	
45-54	1 (NA)	0 (NA)	1 (NA)	
55-64	4 (NA)	1 (NA)	3 (NA)	
65-74	4 (NA)	3 (NA)	1 (NA)	
75+	7 (17.95)	4 (NA)	3 (NA)	
Total	$1\overline{6} \ (\overline{10.19})$	8 (10.00)	8 (11.59)	
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calculate	with 6 or less deaths	

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 632 hospital discharges of Menominee County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 45 (7.1%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 209 (33.1%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 384 discharges with 38 (9.9%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization

	2000		20	02
Condition	Count	Percent	<u>Count</u>	Percent
Diabetes	38	9.9%	45	7.1%
Hypertension	2	0.5%	1	0.2%
Other CVD	124	32.3%	208	32.9%
Kidney	4	1.0%	10	1.6%
Pneumonia	13	3.4%	16	2.5%
Other	203	52.9%	352	55.7%
TOTAL	384		$\overline{632}$	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 4 or 8.9% of the 45 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 9 amputations or 23.7% of the 38 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 BRESS data 2001 3003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.

Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 60 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Menominee County may fall with 95% confidence.

ABETES IN ONTONAGON COUNT

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Ontonagon County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 560 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that less than 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 240 Ontonagon County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Ontonagon County adults, 1,515 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Ontonagon County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	50 (2.4)	30 (2.7)	20(2.1)	50 (2.4)
45-54	90 (7.4)	50 (8.6)	40 (6.2)	90 (7.0)
55-64	130 (12.3)	60 (10.9)	70 (13.6)	130 (12.2)
65-74	140 (16.1)	70 (17.2)	70 (14.9)	130 (15.6)
75+	150 (17.6)	90 (16.6)	60 (19.0)	150 (17.3)
Total	$\overline{560} \ \overline{(7.2)}$	$3\overline{00} \ \overline{(7.7)}$	$2\overline{60} \ \overline{(6.8)}$	$\overline{550}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$
(95% CI**)	$(\pm \dot{5}0)$	(±30)	(±40)	(± 50)

Diabetes Deaths

to diabetes.

In 2002, diabetes was the fourth leading cause of death for Ontonagon County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 5 individuals (4.5% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 7 deaths (6.3%).

Deaths in Ontonagon County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age		White	
Group	<u>Total</u> *	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	1 (NA)	$\overline{0 \text{ (NA)}}$	1 (NA)
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	3 (NA)	0 (NA)	3 (NA)
75+	1 (NA)	0 (NA)	1 (NA)
Total	$\overline{5}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{0}$ (NA)	$\overline{5}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to calc	culate with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 229 hospital discharges of Ontonagon County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 10 (4.4%) of these hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 57 (24.9%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 211 discharges with 17(8.1%) directly attributed

Primary Reason for Hospitalization

	2000		2002	
Condition	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Diabetes	17	8.1%	10	4.4%
Hypertension	0	0.0%	1	0.4%
Other CVD	84	39.8%	56	24.5%
Kidney	2	1.0%	3	1.3%
Pneumonia	9	4.3%	7	3.1%
Other	99	46.9%	152	66.4%
TOTAL	$2\overline{11}$		229	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 3 or 30.0% of the 10 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 4 amputations or 23.5% of the 17 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 BRESS data 2001 3003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 10 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Ontonagon County may fall with 95% confidence.

ABETES IN SCHOOLCRAFT COUN

Estimated Number of Persons With Diabetes (PWD) in Schoolcraft County

Estimates from the Michigan Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) using a three year average, 2001-2003, indicate that in 2002 approximately 580 adults (aged 18 and up) have been diagnosed with diabetes. This includes an estimated 10 Latinos/Hispanics (8.65%) diagnosed with diabetes. In addition, it is estimated that less than 10 or 0.32% persons under the age of 18 have been diagnosed with diabetes. National studies suggest that an additional 240 Schoolcraft County adults have diabetes but are not aware of it. Among Schoolcraft County adults, 1,554 have pre-diabetes (40.1% of adults 40-74 years of age).

Estimated Number of Persons in Schoolcraft County in 2002 Diagnosed with Diabetes (Rate per 100)¹

Age				
Group	Total*	Female	Male	White
18-44	70 (2.4)	40 (2.7)	30(2.1)	60 (2.4)
45-54	100 (7.4)	50 (8.6)	40 (6.2)	90 (7.0)
55-64	130 (12.3)	60 (10.9)	70 (13.6)	120 (12.2)
65-74	130 (16.1)	70 (17.2)	60 (14.9)	120 (15.6)
75+	150 (17.6)	80 (16.6)	60 (19.0)	140 (17.3)
Total	$\overline{580} \ \overline{(7.2)}$	$3\overline{00} \ \overline{(7.7)}$	$2\overline{60} \ \overline{(6.8)}$	$\overline{530}$ $\overline{(7.2)}$
(95% CI**)	(± 60)	(±40) ´	(± 40)	(± 50)

Diabetes Deaths

In 2002, diabetes was the fifth leading cause of death for Schoolcraft County residents. Diabetes was the primary cause of death for 6 individuals (5.4% of all deaths) and a contributing cause in an additional 14 deaths (12.6%).

Deaths in Schoolcraft County of PWD for the Year 2002 with Diabetes Listed as the Primary Cause Number of Deaths (Rates per 1,000 Diabetic Population)

Age	Age		White
Group	Total*	Female	<u>Male</u>
0-44	$\overline{0}$ (NA)	0 (NA)	$0 \overline{(NA)}$
45-54	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
55-64	0 (NA)	0 (NA)	0 (NA)
65-74	3 (NA)	1 (NA)	0 (NA)
75+	3 (NA)	1 (NA)	1 (NA)
Total	$\overline{6}$ (\overline{NA})	$\overline{2}$ (NA)	$\overline{1}$ (NA)
	* Any difference in the totals is due to presence of deaths of "other races".	NA - Not Able to ca	alculate with 6 or less deaths

Diabetes Hospitalizations Reported in the Michigan Inpatient Data Base (MIDB)⁷ In 2002, there were 196 hospital discharges of Schoolcraft County residents where diabetes was listed among the diagnoses. There were 9 (4.6%) of these

hospitalizations that were directly due to diabetes, while an additional 58 (29.6%) involved hypertension and cardiovascular disease, conditions commonly associated with diabetes. In 2000, the comparable figures were 206 discharges with 11 (5.3%) directly attributed to diabetes.

Primary Reason for Hospitalization

	2000		2002	
Condition	Count	Percent	Count	Percent
Diabetes	11	5.3%	9	4.6%
Hypertension	2	1.0%	1	0.5%
Other CVD	65	31.6%	57	29.1%
Kidney	1	0.5%	1	0.5%
Pneumonia	15	7.3%	11	5.6%
Other	112	54.4%	117	59.7%
TOTAL	206		196	

Non-Traumatic **Lower Limb Amputations**

In 2002, some form of non-traumatic lower limb amputation occurred in 2 or 22.2% of the 9 hospital discharges with a primary diagnosis of diabetes. This compares to 1 amputation or 9.1% of the 11 hospitalizations of persons with diabetes in 2000.

- Michigan 2002 population estimates and the three year (2001-03) average from the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS) a statewide telephone survey of Michigan residents ages 18 years and older.

 BRFSS data 2001 2003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 BRESS data 2001 3003 rate of 8.65% ±1.64 Confidence Interval of 95% (CI).

 Blue Cross/Blue Shield of Michigan Paid Claims Data, 2001 and BRFSS 2001-2003 data.

 National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey, III 1988-1994 (NHANES III Series 11, No. 1).

- US Health and Human Services news release, March 27, 2004. Michigan Department of Community Health (MDCH) 2002 resident death data files.
- Michigan Inpatient (hospital discharge) Database (MIDB) for 2002.

^{*} Difference in totals is due to presence of 20 of "other races" in the survey and the effects of rounding.

** 95% CI represents the range within which the actual number of persons with diabetes in Schoolcraft County may fall with 95% confidence.